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#### STELAR Webinar:

Strategies for Increasing Diversity in STEM Learning Environments
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Project website: <a href="http://istemtucson.weebly.com">http://istemtucson.weebly.com</a>

#### Goals of iSTEM Project:

- Test a hybrid model (mentoring & informal science experiences) for engaging Native American & Hispanic 3<sup>rd</sup> - 8<sup>th</sup> grade students in STEM
- Examine the differential effectiveness of three mentor types (Professional STEM; University students; Tribal community members)
- Use a culturally relevant framework "Funds of Knowledge" for STEM activities

#### iSTEM Location and Participants

- Three rurally located schools in southern Arizona
- Mentees: 48 Native American; 11 Hispanic; 2 Other
- Mentees: 47 Female; 14 Male

### Practical Strategies for Engagement

- Use schools as program sites
- Have snacks available
- Provide transportation for fieldtrips
- Provide transportation for University student mentors
- Consistent and frequent contact with both mentors and mentees
- Conduct activities in an area that brings recognition and excitement about the program and STEM activities from others
- Stay flexible



### Cultural Strategies for Engagement

- Tribal commitment and oversight
- Partnership team
- Culturally relevant framework (Funds of Knowledge)
- Address STEM topics that are close to home
- Add historical and empowering cultural facts to STEM activities
- Provide opportunities for mentees to teach (the mentor, family members, each other)



### Program Strategies for Engagement

- Provide mentoring and expand traditional mentoring to tribal community members
- Develop and package "flash STEM activities" for lunchtime mentor/mentee engagement
- Provide support on flash STEM activities during the lunch periods
- Combine lunchtime flash STEM activities with bi-monthly field trips
- Allow for other activities particularly at the beginning of the mentor/mentee match that promote a positive and strong bond between them



### Tools and Technologies Used

- Mentor/mentee matching strategies
- Mentor training
- Multiple communication strategies (cards; email)
- Flash STEM activities
- Bring technology to the schools (GPS and Star Party fieldtrips)
- Provide computers and internet access at schools separate from schools
- Use participant's own technology (cell phones)



#### Lessons learned

- Working within a collaboration that includes tribes, schools, community-based agencies, University and community members is complex and takes time to develop and succeed
- Mentor engagement was not as successful as planned – consider having several part-time staff or student interns working with the youth
- Each mentor type (Professional STEM; University students; Tribal community members) brings strengths and challenges to mentoring and they need different types of program support



#### Lessons learned

- Mentoring programs can be perceived as being for at-risk youth and thus strategies must convey the program as unique and exceptional
- Grade/age differences (3<sup>rd</sup> 8<sup>th</sup> grade) is to great. Narrow to 3 grade levels
- Pre-packaged flash STEM activities with on-site assistance is important
- Having STEM experts leading hands-on activities during field trips animates and inspires students (versus non-STEM project staff)





"It's a fun program...they help you out with school...keep your future good"