

Rhode Island Information Technology Experiences for Students and Teachers

Using Embedded Assessment for Increasing Student Motivation and Teacher Engagement February 25, 2010



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EDUC

TPD Goals

- Understand the science of atoms and molecules (SAM) and how it connects with current curriculum.
- Implement SAM learning activities in current curricula.
- Provide related IT career information.
- Utilize guided inquiry of SAM models in teaching.







Inquiry Is Key

Going deeper can simplify science.

 Most scientific phenomena can be explained by fundamental ideas of energy, force, the atomic nature of matter, and equilibrium.

 Science through this lens is more connected - less individual facts to "memorize."

Conceptual understanding is the goal.

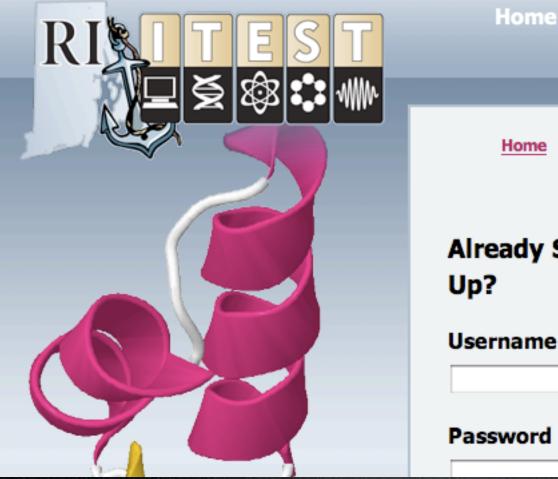
• Utilize interactive models, to allow inquiry at the atomic level.

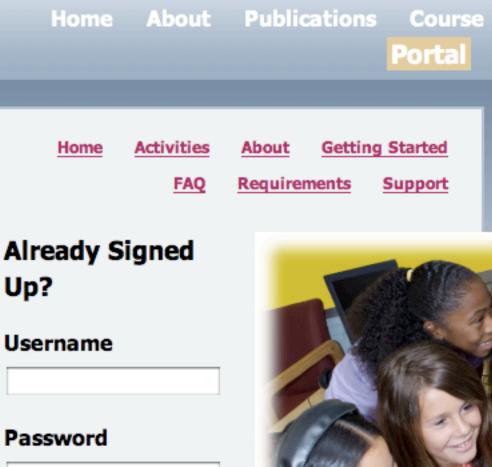
 Teachers are essential for inquiry approach to work.

SAM Actvities

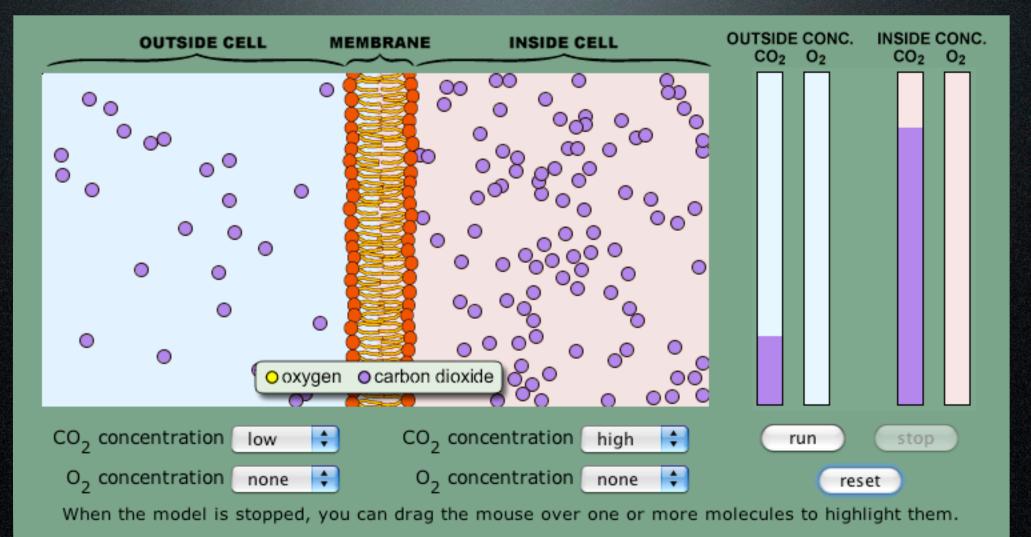
	PHYSICS	CHEMISTRY	BIOLOGY		
MOTION AND	Atoms and Energy	Phase Change	Diffusion, Osmosis, and Active Transport		
ENERGY	Heat and Temperature	Gas Laws	Cellular Respiration		
	Electrostatics	Intermolecular Attractions	Four Levels of Protein Structure		
CHARGE	Electric Current	Molecular Geometry	Molecular Recognition		
	Electric Current	Solubility			
	Atomic Structure	Chemical Bonds	Lipids and Carbohydrates		
ATOMS AND	Newton's Laws at the Atomic	Chemical Reactions and	Proteins and Nucleic Acids		
MOLECULES	Scale	Stoichiometry	DNA to Proteins		
LIGHT	Atoms, Excited States, and Photons	Chemical Reactions and	Harvesting Light for		
LIGHT	Spectroscopy	Energy	Photosynthesis		

Materials Development Teacher/student portal and reporting. http://ri-itest.concord.org





Interactive Models



📫 Take a snapshot of the model above

What is true of the rate at which molecules move into and out of the cell at equilibrium?

) A. More move into the cell than out of it.

) B. More move out of the cell than into it.

C. Equal amounts move into and out of the cell.

) D. They move randomly, so it is not predictable.

Check Answer

"I like the Check Your Answer thing – it gives me reinforcement of my understanding of the concepts."

Cells generally stay in equilibrium with their surroundings. What are two ways you know the cell has reached equilibrium?

- A. Water stops flowing into and out of the cell.
- B. The concentrations inside and outside of the cell are the same.
- C. The osmotic pressure inside and outside of the cell is the same.
- D. The cell gets as small as it possibly can.

Check Answer

Describe how the chemical energy in ATP is converted into electric potential energy. (hint)

Set up the model so that it is IN equilibrium. Then use the "snapshot" button below the model to take a picture of your setup. Use the "open" button below to place that image here.

> Click the Open Button, and then drag a thumbnail here.

> > Open)

Clear

"Students begging to do more units on the computer ... [and] ... writing more than they usually do in response to something they did only moments before.

Teacher Reports

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4 A	Teacher: Class: ch Show stu	eat and Temperature (v3) cher: Daniel Damelin s: chem1 w students who completed at least 1 % Update List Print All Users											
	User	1. Compare the motion of the air	2. The temperature of a substance	3. A substance composed of atoms	has the gre	5. The yellow and pink atoms in t	<u>6. What</u> <u>did you</u> <u>observe</u> <u>about</u> <u>the</u>	7. If we add another box to the m	8. <u>Describe</u> <u>how</u> <u>changing</u> <u>the</u> <u>numb</u>	9. How is the average KE affected	will happen to the	11. What do you think happens that	12. V dowr temper _ol
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	TestA Damelin TestB Damelin 38%	move	Both the S	Atom a will be slower.	• The pink a	Kinetic energy is from the spe	 Some atoms 	 Be the sam Be the sam Depend on 	 Changing n 	The average goes up and down.	No Answer	No Answer	No Ansv
	TestB Damelin	They move fast.	Both the S	Atom a will be slower.	• The pink a	Kinetic energy is from the	• Some atoms	 Be the sam Be the sam Depend 	 Changing n 	The average goes up and down	• They both	blah blah blah	blah bla

Teacher Reports

A O RI-ITEST DIY: http://ri-itest.diy.concord.org/reports/131/otml?group_id=be8ba548-d701-102b-a487-0.

Heat and Temperature (v3)

TestC Damelin

Teacher: Daniel Damelin Class: chem1 Other Group Members:

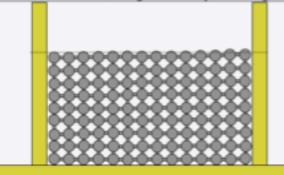
Print

 Compare the motion of the air molecules at high and low temperatures. They look the same to me.

4. Which type of atom has the greater mass?

The pink atoms.

 Take a snapshot of the model that shows thermal expansion, and then follow the instruction below to drag in the snapshot image.



 Take a snapshot of the graph that shows the increasing of energy when heated, and then follow the instruction below to drag in the snapshot image.



Teacher Reports

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Question

What did you observe about the kinetic energy (KE) of the atoms? (hint:)

- 1. Some atoms have almost no KE.
- 2. Each atom keeps the same KE.
- 3. All atoms have the same KE.
- 4. An atom's KE is changing all the time.
- 5. Both A and D are true.

Frequency Graph



RI-ITEST Participants

Total of 95 teachers involved this upcoming year in Cohorts 1 & 2.

29 Darticipating Schools

28 Participating Schools					
Burrillville High School	Lincoln High School				
Central Falls High School	Mount Pleasant High School				
Classical High School	Narragansett High School				
Community College of Rhode Island	North Smithfield High School				
Cooley High School	Ocean Tides High School				
Coventry High School	Pilgrim High School				
Cranston West High School	Portsmouth High School				
Cumberland High School	Rogers High School				
Dighton-Rehoboth High School	Shea High School				
Dr. Jorge Alvarez High School	South Kingstown High School				
E-Cubed Academy	Textron Academy				
East Providence High School	Tiverton High School				
Exeter-West Greenwich High School	Toll Gate High School				
LaSalle Academy	Woonsocket High School				

Molecular Concept Inventory (MCI)

• Molecular concept tests covering Physics, Chemistry, and Biology

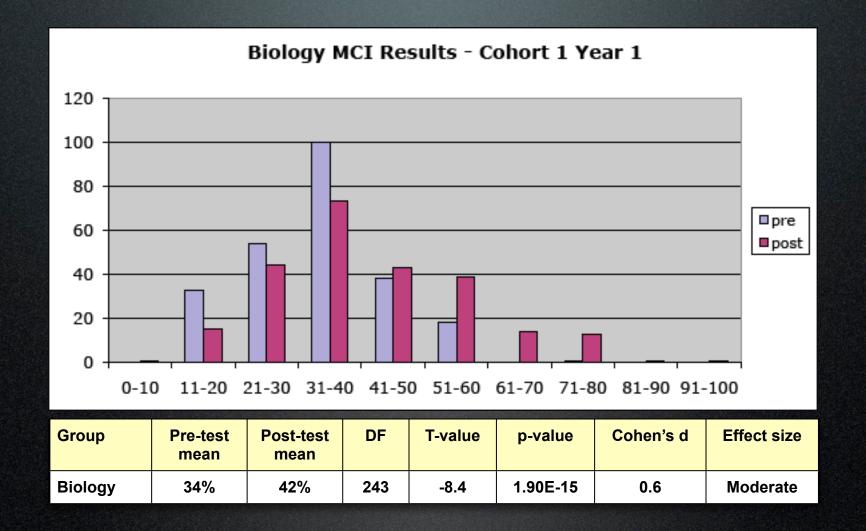
33. Imagine a cell that has a membrane through which potassium ions freely enter and leave. Suppose this cell contains a high concentration of potassium and is put in distilled water that has no potassium. Which is the BEST description of what will happen?

- a) All of the potassium ions will leave the cell.
- b) Potassium ions will move only from high concentration to low concentration.
- c) Potassium ions will leave the cell until there is the same concentration of salt inside and outside the cell.
- d) (correct answer) Potassium ions will reach a point when they will continuously enter and leave the cell at equal rates.

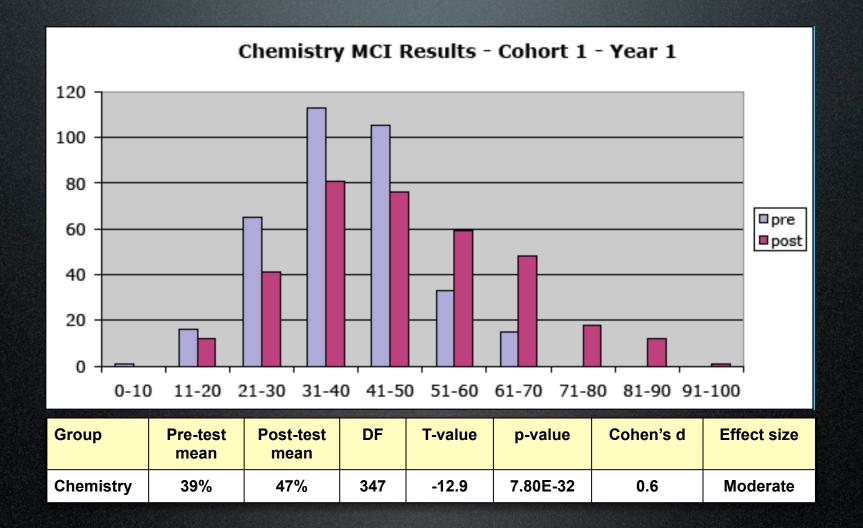
Molecular Concept Inventory (MCI)

- Pre-post test of student and teacher knowledge.
- Students took subject specific test.
- Teachers took combination of student MCI tests.

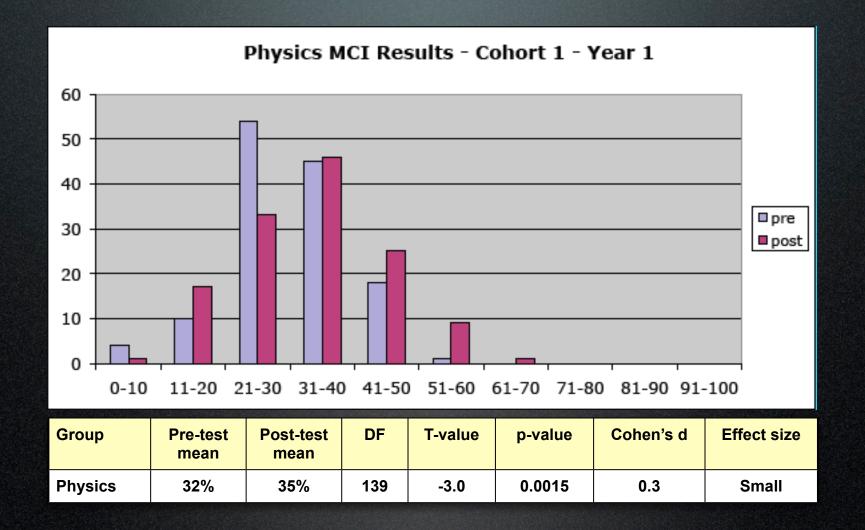
Biology Student Results



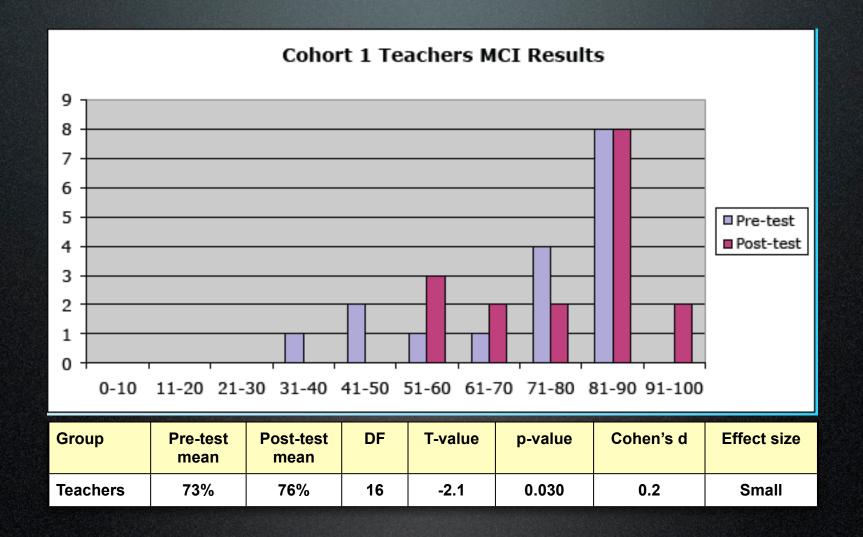
Chemistry Student Results



Physics Student Results



Cohort 1 Teacher Results



More Accurate Measures

• Disaggregate student MCI results based on actual activities completed.

• Better match teacher results with their fields of expertise and the courses they teach.

Contact Info



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